

5 Recidivism

Methodology

Recidivism, or reoffending, is an important concept for juvenile and adult criminal justice systems because it provides a measure of outcome success. Use of standardized measures of recidivism allows for evaluations across different types of programs; however, a comparison of results is difficult because evaluation methodologies vary widely among organizations. Definitions of recidivism differ from study to study, and characteristics of the youth studied may not be similar or adequately identified.

DJJ uses the following three measures of recidivism:

Rearrest: a petitioned juvenile intake complaint for a new delinquent act or an adult arrest for a new criminal offense, regardless of the court's determination of delinquency or guilt.

Reconviction: a delinquent adjudication for a new delinquent act or a guilty conviction for a new criminal offense.

Reincarceration: a return to commitment, incarceration, or secure confinement subsequent to a rearrest and reconviction for a new delinquent act or criminal offense.

Recidivism data for youth served from FY 2018 through FY 2022 are presented for the following groups:

- » Intake cases with diversion plans,
- » Intake cases with first-time diversion plans (a subgroup of intake cases with diversion plans),
- » Successful diversion plans,
- » Probation placements,
- » Probation releases,
- » Direct care releases,
- » Parole placements (a subgroup of direct care releases with a parole start date within 30 days of release from direct care),
- » Parole releases,
- » Youth placed in VJCCCA programs,

- » Youth released from VJCCCA programs, and
- » Releases from post-D detention with programs.

In FY 2022, the rearrest rates for diversion plans were expanded with improvements to the methodology. Reports prior to FY 2021 presented rearrest rates for successful diversions over multiple years and rearrest rates for intake cases with first-time diversion plans for one year. In FY 2021, all intake cases with diversion plans were added as a new group, and intake cases with first-time diversion plans were expanded to multiple years. The methodology for successful diversions was also improved. (See page 74 for more details.)

Each year, the reoffense data are updated for all of the groups reported. Rates may change when re-examined next year because of updated final case dispositions. Due to cases still pending at the time of analysis, reconviction and reincarceration rates for FY 2022 groups are unavailable.

DJJ's recidivism analysis is based on data from several collaborating organizations: DJJ, VSP, VCSC, VADOC, and the State Compensation Board. Data on youth are maintained in DJJ's electronic data management system, which contains information on juvenile intakes, detentions, probation and parole statuses, and commitments for all localities in Virginia. DJJ obtains statewide adult arrest and conviction information from VSP and VCSC and statewide adult incarceration information from VADOC and the State Compensation Board. Individuals' information is matched between data systems primarily by name and date of birth. Due to the lack of available data, deaths and out-of-state reoffenses during the follow-up period are not accounted for in this analysis.

Over time, DJJ removes identifying information from cases due to expungements and record retention practices. Youth with missing names or birth dates the first year they are in a recidivism group are excluded from the analysis because missing information prevents the matching of cases with different data systems. Newly added or modified recidivism groups have more cases with missing information in earlier years due to the time delay. Due to the additions and modifications to the diversion groups in FY 2021, more of the diversions in FY 2018 needed to be excluded due to missing identi-



fy information (8.5%) compared to other recidivism groups and years. Less than 3% of any other recidivism group were excluded due to missing data. Total counts in this section may not match values in other sections of the DRG due to these exclusions.

The measurement date determines the beginning of the follow-up period for each youth. For all groups, the measurement date itself is not included in the follow-up period. The length of time to rearrest indicates the difference between the measurement date and the first new petitioned juvenile intake or adult arrest. The length of time to reconviction indicates the difference between the measurement date and the first new petitioned juvenile intake or adult arrest that resulted in a delinquent or guilty finding. However, if a youth with a reconviction is missing rearrest data, the date of reconviction is used for both the rearrest and reconviction calculations. The length of time to reincarceration indicates the difference between the measurement date and the date of the first return to commitment, incarceration, or secure confinement subsequent to a reconviction.

Recidivism data exclude the following offenses: violation of probation or parole, contempt of court, non-criminal DR/CW complaints, and non-criminal traffic violations. More specifically, all technical violations are excluded (e.g., all VCCs with the following prefixes: CBC, CDI, CON, PAR, PRB, PRE, PRP, SSV). Recidivism data exclude failure to appear offenses with the VCC prefixes of CON and PRE, but felony and misdemeanor failure to appear offenses with the VCC prefix of FTA are included. Youth transferred directly to a VADOC facility are excluded from direct care releases and parole placements. Youth transferred directly to jail cannot be

identified and therefore are included in the direct care releases and parole placements.

With the drastic decrease in juvenile intake cases due to COVID-19 during FY 2020-2021, rearrest rates during that timeframe may be lower than previous or future years. Recidivism rates for FY 2022 may be more comparable to pre-pandemic years.

Measurement Dates*

| Reported Groups | Measurement Date |
|--|-------------------------|
| Intake Cases with Diversion Plans | Intake |
| Intake Cases with First-Time Diversion Plans | Intake |
| Successful Diversion Plans | Estimated Completion |
| Probation Placements | Probation Start |
| Probation Releases | Probation End |
| Direct Care Releases | Direct Care Release |
| Parole Placements | Direct Care Release |
| Parole Releases | Parole End |
| Youth Placed in VJCCCA | First Program Placement |
| Youth Released from VJCCCA | Last Program Release |
| Post-D Detention Releases | JDC Release |

* For groups measured from a start date, the follow-up period may extend beyond the end dates.

* Diversion plans do not constitute petitioned intakes, and VJCCCA placements may not have petitioned intakes; however, rearrest rates are reported to indicate subsequent petitioned intakes or adult arrests.

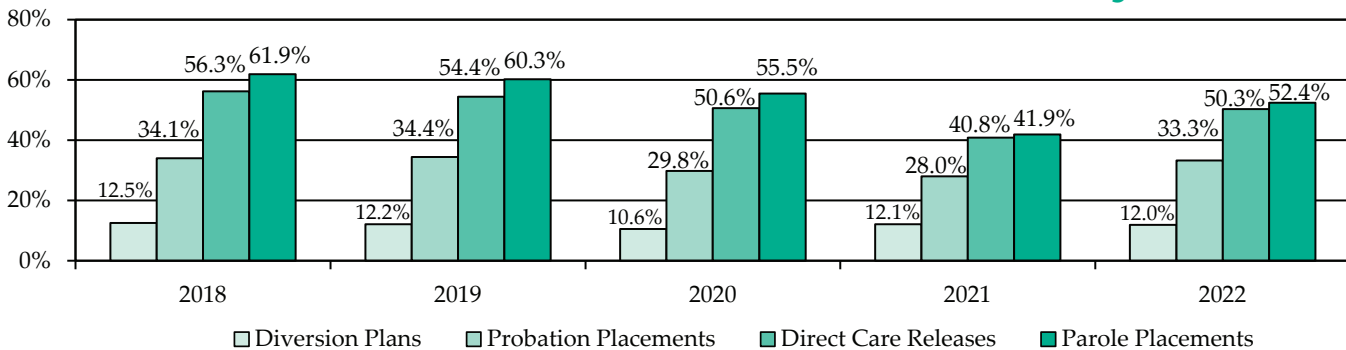
* Successful diversion plans are counted for each intake case with a successful diversion. The estimated completion for successful diversion plans is either 90 days (for truancy-only diversions through FY 2020) or 120 days (for all other diversion plans) after the intake date.

* VJCCCA groups use the first placement date or last release date in the FY, regardless of whether multiple programs are continuous or overlap FYs.

* Canceled, rescinded, and successfully appealed commitments are excluded from direct care releases and parole placements.

12-Month Recidivism Rate Overview

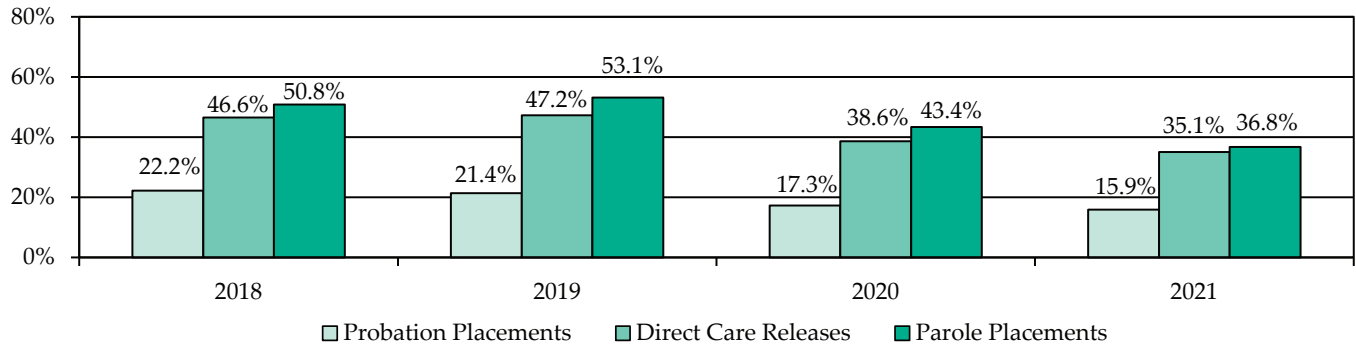
12-Month Rearrest Rates for Intake Cases with Diversion Plans, Probation Placements, Direct Care Releases, and Parole Placements in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023



» Compared to FY 2018, 12-month rearrest rates decreased for all reported groups in FY 2020 and FY 2021, likely due to the impact of the COVID-19 pandemic. While most rearrest rates increased in FY 2022, these rates remained slightly lower or comparable to the pre-pandemic rates (i.e., FY 2018 and FY 2019).



12-Month Recidivism Rates for Probation Placements, Direct Care Releases, and Parole Placements in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023



- » 12-month recidivism rates decreased for all reported groups in FY 2020 and FY 2021 (likely impacted by COVID-19).
- » 12-month recidivism rates for probation placements were lower than direct care releases and parole placements.

12-Month Recidivism Rates for Intake Cases with Diversion Plans, Probation Placements and Releases, Direct Care Releases, and Parole Placements and Releases in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023

| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
|-----------------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| Diversion Plans | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 12.5% | 12.2% | 10.6% | 12.1% | 12.0% |
| Total | 6,151 | 7,002 | 6,309 | 2,795 | 4,702 |
| Probation Placements | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 34.1% | 34.4% | 29.8% | 28.0% | 33.3% |
| Reconviction | 22.2% | 21.4% | 17.3% | 15.9% | N/A |
| Total | 3,000 | 2,637 | 1,877 | 1,480 | 1,524 |
| Probation Releases | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 32.7% | 31.6% | 26.6% | 25.4% | 31.4% |
| Reconviction | 24.8% | 23.0% | 17.4% | 17.3% | N/A |
| Total | 3,110 | 2,974 | 2,481 | 1,898 | 1,488 |
| Direct Care Releases | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 56.3% | 54.4% | 50.6% | 40.8% | 50.3% |
| Reconviction | 46.6% | 47.2% | 38.6% | 35.1% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 22.5% | 17.5% | 12.7% | 15.2% | N/A |
| Total | 320 | 309 | 308 | 191 | 155 |
| Parole Placements | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 61.9% | 60.3% | 55.5% | 41.9% | 52.4% |
| Reconviction | 50.8% | 53.1% | 43.4% | 36.8% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 25.0% | 21.3% | 14.5% | 18.1% | N/A |
| Total | 252 | 239 | 256 | 155 | 126 |
| Parole Releases | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 55.5% | 57.6% | 52.7% | 43.5% | 45.5% |
| Reconviction | 48.5% | 51.7% | 42.3% | 34.9% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 21.6% | 18.3% | 14.2% | 15.9% | N/A |
| Total | 301 | 290 | 239 | 232 | 191 |



Diversion Plans

Rearrest Rates for Intake Cases with Diversion Plans, Intake Cases with First-Time Diversion Plans, and Successful Diversion Plans in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| Time to Reoffense | Diversion Plans | | | | | First-Time Diversion Plans | | | | | Successful Diversion Plans | | | | |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| 3 months | 3.1% | 3.6% | 3.6% | 2.5% | 2.7% | 2.6% | 2.8% | 2.9% | 1.6% | 2.4% | 3.6% | 3.9% | 3.3% | 2.7% | 3.3% |
| 6 months | 6.4% | 7.0% | 6.6% | 6.2% | 6.2% | 5.6% | 5.5% | 5.4% | 4.7% | 5.4% | 6.9% | 6.7% | 5.7% | 5.4% | 6.5% |
| 12 months | 12.5% | 12.2% | 10.6% | 12.1% | 12.0% | 11.1% | 10.3% | 8.8% | 9.8% | 10.5% | 12.2% | 12.4% | 8.8% | 10.0% | 12.4% |
| 24 months | 20.8% | 18.6% | 17.5% | 20.6% | N/A | 19.1% | 16.1% | 15.0% | 17.5% | N/A | 19.9% | 18.6% | 15.1% | 19.3% | N/A |
| 36 months | 25.9% | 24.0% | 24.1% | N/A | N/A | 24.2% | 21.3% | 21.2% | N/A | N/A | 25.5% | 24.2% | 21.9% | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 6,151 | 7,002 | 6,309 | 2,795 | 4,702 | 5,521 | 6,091 | 5,300 | 2,365 | 4,032 | 5,198 | 6,057 | 7,286 | 2,465 | 3,486 |

* Counts are based on intake cases, so a youth with multiple qualifying intake cases is counted multiple times.

* For all diversion groups, intake cases are excluded if a complaint within the same intake case was petitioned, including an unsuccessful diversion with a petition filed. In reports prior to FY 2021, diversion plans were included if a complaint within the same intake case was petitioned. Additionally, FYs for successful diversion plans are determined by the estimated completion date. In reports prior to FY 2021, FYs were determined by the intake date, resulting in incomplete follow-up timeframes for some youth. Therefore, counts and rates are not comparable to reports prior to FY 2021.

» Rearrest rates for diversion plans were lower than rearrest rates for probation placements and releases for each follow-up time period in each FY.

Probation

Rearrest Rates for Probation Placements and Probation Releases in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Probation Placements | | | | | Probation Releases | | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| 3 months | 13.0% | 13.7% | 13.5% | 11.3% | 12.5% | 11.2% | 10.9% | 10.0% | 8.3% | 9.7% |
| 6 months | 23.1% | 22.3% | 20.8% | 18.0% | 21.6% | 20.2% | 19.0% | 17.1% | 14.9% | 17.9% |
| 12 months | 34.1% | 34.4% | 29.8% | 28.0% | 33.3% | 32.7% | 31.6% | 26.6% | 25.4% | 31.4% |
| 24 months | 49.0% | 47.3% | 42.2% | 44.5% | N/A | 47.2% | 44.6% | 41.4% | 40.5% | N/A |
| 36 months | 56.1% | 54.6% | 51.4% | N/A | N/A | 55.2% | 52.4% | 50.5% | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 3,000 | 2,637 | 1,877 | 1,480 | 1,524 | 3,110 | 2,974 | 2,481 | 1,898 | 1,488 |

» Rearrest rates for probation placements and releases were lower than rearrest rates for direct care releases, parole placements, and parole releases for each follow-up time period in each FY. (See pages 76-77 for rearrest rates for direct care releases, parole placements, and parole releases.)

Reconviction Rates for Probation Placements and Probation Releases in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Probation Placements | | | | Probation Releases | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| 3 months | 8.0% | 7.4% | 7.5% | 6.1% | 7.7% | 7.7% | 6.0% | 5.0% |
| 6 months | 14.7% | 13.0% | 11.1% | 9.7% | 14.5% | 13.2% | 10.2% | 9.3% |
| 12 months | 22.2% | 21.4% | 17.3% | 15.9% | 24.8% | 23.0% | 17.4% | 17.3% |
| 24 months | 34.9% | 31.7% | 27.9% | N/A | 38.2% | 34.3% | 30.6% | N/A |
| 36 months | 42.8% | 39.4% | N/A | N/A | 46.0% | 42.2% | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 3,000 | 2,637 | 1,877 | 1,480 | 3,110 | 2,974 | 2,481 | 1,898 |

» Reconviction rates for probation placements and releases were lower than reconviction rates for direct care releases, parole placements, and parole releases for each follow-up time period in each FY.



12-Month Rearrest and Reconviction Rates by CSU for Probation Placements and Probation Releases in FY 2021-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| CSU | Probation Placements | | | | Probation Releases | | | |
|--------------|----------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2022 | | 2021 | | 2022 | | 2021 | |
| | Total | Rearrest | Total | Reconviction | Total | Rearrest | Total | Reconviction |
| 1 | 44 | 38.6% | 54 | 13.0% | 56 | 32.1% | 54 | 16.7% |
| 2 | 68 | 32.4% | 89 | 15.7% | 84 | 35.7% | 88 | 15.9% |
| 2A | 11 | 27.3% | 8 | 37.5% | 6 | 33.3% | 9 | 22.2% |
| 3 | 14 | 50.0% | 25 | 32.0% | 24 | 33.3% | 48 | 18.8% |
| 4 | 65 | 38.5% | 55 | 27.3% | 54 | 37.0% | 79 | 35.4% |
| 5 | 40 | 52.5% | 39 | 12.8% | 35 | 40.0% | 40 | 32.5% |
| 6 | 29 | 41.4% | 14 | 14.3% | 15 | 33.3% | 25 | 20.0% |
| 7 | 50 | 28.0% | 58 | 19.0% | 58 | 27.6% | 92 | 15.2% |
| 8 | 20 | 20.0% | 36 | 8.3% | 32 | 28.1% | 26 | 30.8% |
| 9 | 17 | 17.6% | 22 | 13.6% | 22 | 50.0% | 30 | 13.3% |
| 10 | 38 | 50.0% | 26 | 11.5% | 24 | 20.8% | 31 | 12.9% |
| 11 | 15 | 46.7% | 13 | 15.4% | 17 | 11.8% | 24 | 29.2% |
| 12 | 51 | 37.3% | 48 | 14.6% | 44 | 50.0% | 55 | 34.5% |
| 13 | 57 | 56.1% | 64 | 28.1% | 62 | 51.6% | 91 | 26.4% |
| 14 | 77 | 39.0% | 85 | 10.6% | 78 | 34.6% | 85 | 20.0% |
| 15 | 29 | 41.4% | 51 | 17.6% | 52 | 34.6% | 67 | 14.9% |
| 16 | 63 | 31.7% | 60 | 15.0% | 64 | 35.9% | 88 | 20.5% |
| 17 | 36 | 19.4% | 25 | 16.0% | 23 | 17.4% | 45 | 6.7% |
| 18 | 43 | 25.6% | 24 | 29.2% | 23 | 39.1% | 33 | 15.2% |
| 19 | 121 | 38.8% | 68 | 16.2% | 90 | 40.0% | 160 | 10.6% |
| 20 | 32 | 34.4% | 37 | 10.8% | 39 | 35.9% | 67 | 6.0% |
| 21 | 51 | 11.8% | 35 | 11.4% | 36 | 19.4% | 56 | 19.6% |
| 22 | 54 | 27.8% | 68 | 22.1% | 63 | 33.3% | 54 | 18.5% |
| 23 | 29 | 44.8% | 36 | 19.4% | 35 | 22.9% | 31 | 29.0% |
| 24 | 99 | 27.3% | 69 | 21.7% | 77 | 27.3% | 79 | 15.2% |
| 25 | 66 | 28.8% | 49 | 14.3% | 42 | 16.7% | 55 | 10.9% |
| 26 | 56 | 32.1% | 67 | 22.4% | 64 | 20.3% | 86 | 20.9% |
| 27 | 60 | 30.0% | 70 | 8.6% | 72 | 22.2% | 62 | 8.1% |
| 28 | 20 | 15.0% | 18 | 0.0% | 25 | 20.0% | 31 | 6.5% |
| 29 | 14 | 7.1% | 20 | 5.0% | 24 | 12.5% | 31 | 16.1% |
| 30 | 77 | 24.7% | 54 | 9.3% | 60 | 13.3% | 49 | 12.2% |
| 31 | 78 | 32.1% | 93 | 6.5% | 88 | 37.5% | 127 | 8.7% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>1,524</i> | <i>33.3%</i> | <i>1,480</i> | <i>15.9%</i> | <i>1,488</i> | <i>31.4%</i> | <i>1,898</i> | <i>17.3%</i> |

* The CSU for probation placements is identified by the J&DR district court that originally placed the youth on probation. The CSU for probation releases is identified by the CSU supervising the case at the time of release from probation supervision.

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.

* Effective in FY 2022, CSUs 23 and 23A are combined (CSU 23), and CSUs 20L and 20W are combined (CSU 20).

See pages 81-82 for recidivism rates for probation placements and releases by risk level.



Direct Care

Rearrest and Reconviction Rates for Direct Care Releases in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Rearrest | | | | | Reconviction | | | |
|-------------------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| 3 months | 22.5% | 15.2% | 14.0% | 14.7% | 13.5% | 16.6% | 13.3% | 10.1% | 12.0% |
| 6 months | 38.1% | 35.0% | 30.2% | 25.7% | 29.7% | 28.8% | 28.2% | 23.7% | 23.0% |
| 12 months | 56.3% | 54.4% | 50.6% | 40.8% | 50.3% | 46.6% | 47.2% | 38.6% | 35.1% |
| 24 months | 71.3% | 72.5% | 66.6% | 56.5% | N/A | 62.8% | 63.8% | 54.5% | N/A |
| 36 months | 78.8% | 81.2% | 78.6% | N/A | N/A | 70.6% | 74.1% | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 320 | 309 | 308 | 191 | 155 | 320 | 309 | 308 | 191 |

- » Rearrest rates for direct care releases were lower than rearrest rates for parole placements for each follow-up time period in each FY. (See page 77 for rearrest rates for parole placements.)
- » Reconviction rates for direct care releases were lower than reconviction rates for parole placements for each follow-up time period in each FY. (See page 78 for reconviction rates for parole placements.)
- » 12-month rearrest rates for direct care releases decreased from 56.3% in FY 2018 to 40.8% in FY 2021. The 12-month rearrest rate for direct care releases in FY 2022 was 50.3%, remaining below pre-pandemic levels.
- » 12-month reconviction rates for direct care releases decreased from 46.6% in FY 2018 to 35.1% in FY 2021 (likely impacted by COVID-19).

Reincarceration Rates for Direct Care Releases in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Direct Care Releases | | | |
|-------------------|----------------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| 3 months | 3.1% | 3.6% | 0.3% | 2.1% |
| 6 months | 9.4% | 8.7% | 5.5% | 5.8% |
| 12 months | 22.5% | 17.5% | 12.7% | 15.2% |
| 24 months | 39.1% | 32.7% | 26.9% | N/A |
| 36 months | 45.3% | 42.7% | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 320 | 309 | 308 | 191 |

- » Reincarceration rates for direct care releases were lower than reincarceration rates for parole placements for each follow-up time period in each FY. (See page 78 for reincarceration rates for parole placements.)
- » Of the 29 direct care releases in FY 2021 reincarcerated within 12 months of release, 55.2% were reincarcerated in a local jail, 31.0% in direct care, 6.9% in a VADOC facility, and 6.9% in a JDC.

See pages 81-82 for recidivism rates for direct care releases by risk level.



12-Month Recidivism Rates for Direct Care Releases by Treatment Need in FY 2020-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| Treatment Need | Total Youth | | | Rearrest | | | Reconviction | | Reincarceration | |
|-----------------------|-------------|------|------|----------|-------|-------|--------------|-------|-----------------|-------|
| | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2020 | 2021 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Aggression Management | 301 | 189 | 151 | 50.2% | 41.3% | 51.0% | 38.2% | 35.4% | 12.3% | 15.3% |
| Sex Offender | 31 | 36 | 19 | 25.8% | 30.6% | 31.6% | 19.4% | 25.0% | 3.2% | 11.1% |
| Substance Abuse | 259 | 151 | 134 | 52.9% | 41.7% | 52.2% | 41.7% | 35.8% | 12.7% | 17.9% |

* Treatment needs are subgroups of direct care releases and include youth with any level of treatment needs. One youth may have multiple treatment needs.

* An assigned treatment need does not indicate treatment completion.

* Recidivism by treatment need includes any type of reoffense, not only offenses specifically related to the treatment need.

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.

- » Direct care releases with a sex offender treatment need had lower rearrest, reconviction, and reincarceration rates than direct care releases with an aggression management or substance use treatment need.

Parole

Rearrest Rates for Parole Placements and Parole Releases in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Parole Placements | | | | | Parole Releases | | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| 3 months | 27.4% | 17.6% | 15.6% | 16.8% | 13.5% | 23.6% | 30.7% | 19.7% | 16.8% | 16.2% |
| 6 months | 44.8% | 40.2% | 33.2% | 26.5% | 31.7% | 36.5% | 48.3% | 35.6% | 27.6% | 26.7% |
| 12 months | 61.9% | 60.3% | 55.5% | 41.9% | 52.4% | 55.5% | 57.6% | 52.7% | 43.5% | 45.5% |
| 24 months | 77.4% | 79.5% | 71.5% | 60.0% | N/A | 71.8% | 66.2% | 72.0% | 60.8% | N/A |
| 36 months | 83.7% | 87.9% | 83.2% | N/A | N/A | 79.4% | 74.1% | 79.1% | N/A | N/A |
| Total | 252 | 239 | 256 | 155 | 126 | 301 | 290 | 239 | 232 | 191 |

- » 12-month rearrest rates for parole placements decreased from 61.9% in FY 2018 to 41.9% in 2021. The 12-month rearrest rate for parole placements in FY 2022 was 52.4%, remaining below pre-pandemic levels.
- » 12-month rearrest rates for parole releases decreased from 55.5% to 43.5% between FY 2018 and FY 2021. The 12-month rearrest rate for parole releases in FY 2022 was 45.5%, remaining below pre-pandemic levels.



Reconviction Rates for Parole Placements and Parole Releases in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Parole Placements | | | | Parole Releases | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| 3 months | 19.8% | 15.9% | 11.3% | 14.2% | 19.6% | 25.2% | 13.4% | 12.9% |
| 6 months | 32.9% | 32.6% | 26.6% | 23.9% | 30.6% | 40.7% | 26.8% | 23.7% |
| 12 months | 50.8% | 53.1% | 43.4% | 36.8% | 48.5% | 51.7% | 42.3% | 34.9% |
| 24 months | 68.3% | 70.3% | 59.4% | N/A | 68.4% | 59.0% | 61.9% | N/A |
| 36 months | 75.8% | 81.6% | N/A | N/A | 76.1% | 68.3% | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 252 | 239 | 256 | 155 | 301 | 290 | 239 | 232 |

- » 12-month reconviction rates for parole placements increased from 50.8% to 53.1% from FY 2018 to FY 2019 before decreasing to 36.8% in FY 2021 (likely impacted by COVID-19).
- » 12-month reconviction rates for parole releases increased from 48.5% to 51.7% from FY 2018 to FY 2019 before decreasing to 34.9% in FY 2021 (likely impacted by COVID-19).

Reincarceration Rates for Parole Placements and Parole Releases in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023

| Time to Reoffense | Parole Placements | | | | Parole Releases | | | |
|-------------------|-------------------|-------|-------|-------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| 3 months | 3.6% | 4.2% | 0.4% | 2.6% | 5.3% | 4.5% | 1.7% | 1.3% |
| 6 months | 10.7% | 10.5% | 6.6% | 7.1% | 9.3% | 8.3% | 5.4% | 6.9% |
| 12 months | 25.0% | 21.3% | 14.5% | 18.1% | 21.6% | 18.3% | 14.2% | 15.9% |
| 24 months | 45.2% | 38.5% | 30.1% | N/A | 38.9% | 33.4% | 28.9% | N/A |
| 36 months | 51.2% | 49.0% | N/A | N/A | 49.2% | 43.1% | N/A | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 252 | 239 | 256 | 155 | 301 | 290 | 239 | 232 |

- » Parole placements had lower reincarceration rates than parole releases at the 3-month follow-up time period in each FY (with the exception of 2021). Parole releases had lower reincarceration rates than parole placements at the 6-, 12-, 24-, and 36-month follow-up time periods in each FY.
- » 12-month reincarceration rates for parole placements decreased from 25.0% to 14.5% from FY 2018 to FY 2020. The 12-month rearrest rate for parole placements in FY 2021 was 18.1%, remaining below pre-pandemic levels.
- » 12-month reincarceration rates for parole releases decreased from 21.6% to 14.2% from FY 2018 to FY 2020. The 12-month rearrest rate for parole releases in FY 2021 was 15.9%, remaining below pre-pandemic levels.

See pages 81-82 for recidivism rates for parole placements and releases by risk level.



12-Month Rearrest, Reconviction, and Reincarceration Rates by CSU for Parole Placements in FY 2021-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| CSU | 2022 | | 2021 | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Total | Rearrest | Total | Reconviction | Reincarceration |
| 1 | 2 | 0.0% | 5 | 20.0% | 0.0% |
| 2 | 8 | 37.5% | 11 | 18.2% | 9.1% |
| 2A | 1 | 0.0% | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 3 | 5 | 80.0% | 2 | 100.0% | 0.0% |
| 4 | 12 | 83.3% | 18 | 61.1% | 33.3% |
| 5 | 8 | 37.5% | 9 | 33.3% | 22.2% |
| 6 | 3 | 66.7% | 4 | 25.0% | 0.0% |
| 7 | 13 | 46.2% | 13 | 23.1% | 0.0% |
| 8 | 2 | 50.0% | 9 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 9 | 3 | 33.3% | 3 | 33.3% | 0.0% |
| 10 | 0 | N/A | 2 | 50.0% | 50.0% |
| 11 | 6 | 50.0% | 6 | 50.0% | 16.7% |
| 12 | 8 | 75.0% | 11 | 45.5% | 27.3% |
| 13 | 12 | 75.0% | 9 | 66.7% | 55.6% |
| 14 | 6 | 50.0% | 6 | 16.7% | 0.0% |
| 15 | 4 | 50.0% | 5 | 20.0% | 20.0% |
| 16 | 4 | 50.0% | 10 | 20.0% | 10.0% |
| 17 | 0 | N/A | 1 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 18 | 3 | 66.7% | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 19 | 3 | 0.0% | 3 | 66.7% | 0.0% |
| 20 | 0 | N/A | 1 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 21 | 2 | 50.0% | 1 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| 22 | 3 | 33.3% | 3 | 66.7% | 0.0% |
| 23 | 5 | 40.0% | 1 | 100.0% | 100.0% |
| 24 | 2 | 50.0% | 5 | 20.0% | 0.0% |
| 25 | 3 | 66.7% | 5 | 60.0% | 60.0% |
| 26 | 2 | 50.0% | 5 | 20.0% | 0.0% |
| 27 | 0 | N/A | 2 | 50.0% | 50.0% |
| 28 | 0 | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 29 | 0 | N/A | 1 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 30 | 0 | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 31 | 6 | 16.7% | 2 | 100.0% | 50.0% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>126</i> | <i>52.4%</i> | <i>155</i> | <i>36.8%</i> | <i>18.1%</i> |

* The CSU is identified by the CSU originally providing parole supervision upon release from direct care.

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.

* Effective in FY 2022, CSUs 23 and 23A are combined (CSU 23), and CSUs 20L and 20W are combined (CSU 20).



12-Month Rearrest, Reconviction, and Reincarceration Rates by CSU for Parole Releases in FY 2021-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| CSU | 2022 | | 2021 | | |
|--------------|------------|--------------|------------|--------------|-----------------|
| | Total | Rearrest | Total | Reconviction | Reincarceration |
| 1 | 6 | 50.0% | 4 | 25.0% | 0.0% |
| 2 | 11 | 27.3% | 14 | 28.6% | 21.4% |
| 2A | 3 | 33.3% | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 3 | 4 | 25.0% | 5 | 40.0% | 20.0% |
| 4 | 23 | 56.5% | 21 | 57.1% | 19.0% |
| 5 | 10 | 60.0% | 7 | 42.9% | 14.3% |
| 6 | 5 | 20.0% | 8 | 37.5% | 25.0% |
| 7 | 14 | 35.7% | 14 | 14.3% | 0.0% |
| 8 | 9 | 44.4% | 17 | 23.5% | 23.5% |
| 9 | 2 | 0.0% | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 10 | 4 | 50.0% | 5 | 40.0% | 20.0% |
| 11 | 8 | 37.5% | 7 | 28.6% | 14.3% |
| 12 | 14 | 64.3% | 14 | 42.9% | 21.4% |
| 13 | 17 | 29.4% | 21 | 38.1% | 9.5% |
| 14 | 10 | 50.0% | 11 | 45.5% | 9.1% |
| 15 | 4 | 75.0% | 12 | 41.7% | 16.7% |
| 16 | 12 | 33.3% | 5 | 20.0% | 0.0% |
| 17 | 1 | 0.0% | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 18 | 3 | 33.3% | 6 | 50.0% | 50.0% |
| 19 | 7 | 71.4% | 13 | 7.7% | 7.7% |
| 20 | 1 | 0.0% | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 21 | 1 | 100.0% | 4 | 25.0% | 25.0% |
| 22 | 4 | 25.0% | 6 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 23 | 4 | 75.0% | 5 | 60.0% | 20.0% |
| 24 | 3 | 33.3% | 8 | 37.5% | 12.5% |
| 25 | 2 | 100.0% | 8 | 75.0% | 37.5% |
| 26 | 3 | 33.3% | 3 | 33.3% | 33.3% |
| 27 | 1 | 0.0% | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| 28 | 1 | 100.0% | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 29 | 1 | 100.0% | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 30 | 0 | N/A | 0 | N/A | N/A |
| 31 | 3 | 66.7% | 8 | 37.5% | 12.5% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>191</i> | <i>45.5%</i> | <i>232</i> | <i>34.9%</i> | <i>15.9%</i> |

* The CSU is identified by the CSU supervising the case at the time of release from parole supervision.

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.

* Effective in FY 2022, CSUs 23 and 23A are combined (CSU 23), and CSUs 20L and 20W are combined (CSU 20).



Risk Levels

YASIs are completed by CSU and direct care staff to determine a youth’s relative risk of reoffending. (See Appendix B). According to the assessment, a youth’s recidivism risk is classified as low, moderate, or high. A youth’s risk assessment score is one factor examined when probation and parole supervision levels are established, with high-risk youth typically receiving more intensive services.

Youth under probation or parole supervision or in direct care are reassessed at least every 180 days; therefore, the closest risk assessment completed within 180 days before or after the measurement date is used in this analysis. Youth with no risk assessment completed in that timeframe are excluded.

High-risk youth had the highest recidivism rates for all groups.

12-Month Rearrest Rates by Risk Levels in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| | Total Youth | | | | | Rearrest | | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-------|-------|------|------|----------|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| Low Risk | | | | | | | | | | |
| Probation Placement | 567 | 501 | 315 | 253 | 256 | 13.6% | 13.4% | 11.7% | 4.7% | 16.4% |
| Probation Releases | 738 | 723 | 624 | 437 | 290 | 12.7% | 17.7% | 12.3% | 11.2% | 15.9% |
| Direct Care Releases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 1 | 28.6% | 0.0% | 12.5% | 50.0% | 0.0% |
| Parole Placements | 5 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 1 | 20.0% | 0.0% | 20.0% | 50.0% | 0.0% |
| Parole Releases | 6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 3 | 16.7% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 16.7% | 0.0% |
| Moderate Risk | | | | | | | | | | |
| Probation Placement | 1,584 | 1,402 | 991 | 756 | 761 | 33.8% | 31.9% | 26.1% | 28.8% | 30.0% |
| Probation Releases | 1,397 | 1,403 | 1,193 | 955 | 708 | 34.2% | 31.2% | 28.0% | 24.5% | 29.0% |
| Direct Care Releases | 79 | 63 | 65 | 35 | 20 | 34.2% | 39.7% | 33.8% | 25.7% | 35.0% |
| Parole Placements | 55 | 40 | 52 | 29 | 16 | 36.4% | 42.5% | 36.5% | 27.6% | 18.8% |
| Parole Releases | 79 | 68 | 66 | 62 | 43 | 48.1% | 54.4% | 42.4% | 35.5% | 20.9% |
| High Risk | | | | | | | | | | |
| Probation Placement | 788 | 703 | 542 | 451 | 489 | 49.5% | 54.6% | 48.2% | 39.9% | 48.1% |
| Probation Releases | 754 | 726 | 601 | 468 | 454 | 49.9% | 47.0% | 40.1% | 40.6% | 45.4% |
| Direct Care Releases | 224 | 229 | 232 | 151 | 134 | 65.6% | 61.1% | 56.9% | 44.4% | 53.0% |
| Parole Placements | 191 | 194 | 198 | 124 | 109 | 70.7% | 64.4% | 61.1% | 45.2% | 57.8% |
| Parole Releases | 197 | 191 | 166 | 160 | 142 | 57.9% | 61.3% | 57.8% | 47.5% | 53.5% |

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.



12-Month Reconviction Rates by Risk Levels in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023*

| | Total Youth | | | | Reconviction | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|-------|-------|------|--------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Low Risk | | | | | | | | |
| Probation Placement | 567 | 501 | 315 | 253 | 7.1% | 6.0% | 4.8% | 2.8% |
| Probation Releases | 738 | 723 | 624 | 437 | 7.6% | 11.9% | 6.9% | 8.0% |
| Direct Care Releases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 14.3% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Parole Placements | 5 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Parole Releases | 6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 16.7% | 10.0% | 0.0% | 16.7% |
| Moderate Risk | | | | | | | | |
| Probation Placement | 1,584 | 1,402 | 991 | 756 | 21.1% | 18.5% | 13.8% | 16.0% |
| Probation Releases | 1,397 | 1,403 | 1,193 | 955 | 25.0% | 22.3% | 17.8% | 15.4% |
| Direct Care Releases | 79 | 63 | 65 | 35 | 29.1% | 30.2% | 21.5% | 20.0% |
| Parole Placements | 55 | 40 | 52 | 29 | 30.9% | 32.5% | 21.2% | 24.1% |
| Parole Releases | 79 | 68 | 66 | 62 | 44.3% | 47.1% | 33.3% | 24.2% |
| High Risk | | | | | | | | |
| Probation Placement | 788 | 703 | 542 | 451 | 35.4% | 38.0% | 31.9% | 23.5% |
| Probation Releases | 754 | 726 | 601 | 468 | 41.6% | 35.5% | 28.3% | 30.6% |
| Direct Care Releases | 224 | 229 | 232 | 151 | 54.0% | 54.1% | 44.8% | 39.1% |
| Parole Placements | 191 | 194 | 198 | 124 | 58.1% | 57.7% | 50.0% | 40.3% |
| Parole Releases | 197 | 191 | 166 | 160 | 48.7% | 55.0% | 46.4% | 39.4% |

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.

12-Month Reincarceration Rates by Risk Levels in FY 2018-2021, Tracked through FY 2023*

| | Total Youth | | | | Reincarceration | | | |
|----------------------|-------------|------|------|------|-----------------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 |
| Low Risk | | | | | | | | |
| Direct Care Releases | 7 | 4 | 8 | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Parole Placements | 5 | 3 | 5 | 2 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Parole Releases | 6 | 10 | 4 | 6 | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Moderate Risk | | | | | | | | |
| Direct Care Releases | 79 | 63 | 65 | 35 | 11.4% | 7.9% | 6.2% | 2.9% |
| Parole Placements | 55 | 40 | 52 | 29 | 10.9% | 10.0% | 5.8% | 3.4% |
| Parole Releases | 79 | 68 | 66 | 62 | 24.1% | 16.2% | 7.6% | 6.5% |
| High Risk | | | | | | | | |
| Direct Care Releases | 224 | 229 | 232 | 151 | 26.8% | 21.4% | 15.1% | 18.5% |
| Parole Placements | 191 | 194 | 198 | 124 | 29.8% | 24.2% | 17.2% | 21.8% |
| Parole Releases | 197 | 191 | 166 | 160 | 19.8% | 19.4% | 17.5% | 19.4% |

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.



VJCCCA

Rearrest Rates for Youth Placed in VJCCCA Programs and Youth Released from VJCCCA Programs in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| Time to Reoffense | Youth Placed in VJCCCA Programs | | | | | Youth Released from VJCCCA Programs | | | | |
|-------------------|---------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|-------------------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| 3 months | 13.1% | 11.3% | 11.3% | 10.8% | 9.5% | 11.4% | 9.9% | 8.6% | 8.7% | 8.6% |
| 6 months | 21.6% | 19.0% | 17.6% | 17.3% | 16.7% | 18.2% | 17.2% | 14.2% | 15.4% | 14.6% |
| 12 months | 32.6% | 29.8% | 25.5% | 27.3% | 26.0% | 29.8% | 28.2% | 21.3% | 24.9% | 24.8% |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>6,728</i> | <i>6,649</i> | <i>5,641</i> | <i>3,554</i> | <i>4,487</i> | <i>6,901</i> | <i>6,605</i> | <i>5,989</i> | <i>3,727</i> | <i>4,804</i> |

* VJCCCA groups use the first placement date or last release date in the FY, regardless of whether multiple programs are continuous or overlap FYs.

* The VJCCCA groups may overlap with probation and diversion plan groups.

- » 12-month rearrest rates for youth placed in VJCCCA programs generally decreased over five years, from 32.6% in FY 2018 to 26.0% in FY 2022 (likely impacted by COVID-19).
- » 12-month rearrest rates for youth released from VJCCCA programs decreased from 29.8% to 21.3% from FY 2018 to FY 2020. The 12-month rearrest rate for youth released from VJCCCA programs in FY 2022 was 24.8%, remaining below pre-pandemic levels.

Post-D Detention with Programs

12-Month Recidivism Rates for Releases from Post-D Detention with Programs in FY 2018-2022, Tracked through FY 2023*

| | Post-D Detention with Programs Releases | | | | |
|-----------------|---|------------|------------|------------|------------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| Rearrest | 54.4% | 59.1% | 60.1% | 47.5% | 58.3% |
| Reconviction | 40.5% | 45.2% | 42.3% | 35.0% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 17.3% | 26.9% | 12.3% | 11.7% | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | <i>237</i> | <i>186</i> | <i>163</i> | <i>120</i> | <i>120</i> |

* Releases from post-D detention with programs are youth released from a JDC who were in a post-D detention with programs during the detainment.

- » 12-month rearrest rates for releases from post-D detention with programs fluctuated between FY 2018 and FY 2020, decreased substantially in FY 2021, and were comparable to pre-pandemic levels in FY 2022.
- » 12-month reconviction rates for releases from post-D detention with programs ranged from 40.5% to 45.2% between FY 2018 and FY 2019 and decreased to 35.0% in FY 2021 (likely impacted by COVID-19).
- » 12-month reincarceration rates for releases from post-D detention with programs were 17.3% in FY 2018 and 26.9% in FY 2019 before decreasing substantially to 11.7% in FY 2021 (likely impacted by COVID-19).



12-Month Recidivism Rates for Releases from Post-D Detention with Programs in FY 2018-2022 by Risk Levels, Tracked through FY 2023*

| | Post-D Detention with Programs Releases | | | | |
|----------------------|---|-------|-------|-------|-------|
| | 2018 | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 |
| Low Risk | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 25.0% | 25.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% |
| Reconviction | 12.5% | 25.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 0.0% | 25.0% | 0.0% | 0.0% | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 8 | 4 | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| Moderate Risk | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 44.2% | 52.1% | 50.8% | 35.9% | 50.0% |
| Reconviction | 32.6% | 38.4% | 36.5% | 30.8% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 13.7% | 23.3% | 15.9% | 5.1% | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 95 | 73 | 63 | 39 | 30 |
| High Risk | | | | | |
| Rearrest | 65.1% | 67.0% | 67.7% | 56.8% | 62.4% |
| Reconviction | 48.8% | 51.9% | 46.9% | 39.2% | N/A |
| Reincarceration | 21.7% | 30.2% | 10.4% | 16.2% | N/A |
| <i>Total</i> | 129 | 106 | 96 | 74 | 85 |

* Releases from post-D detention with programs are youth released from a JDC who were in a post-D detention with programs during the detention.

* Some groups were comprised of a small number of youth; therefore, rates can be strongly influenced by the reoffense of only a few youth.

